# **Information Bulletin**

IPT -1

Issued: September 2024

**Revised: December 2024** 

# **INSURANCE PREMIUMS TAX ACT**

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

This bulletin outlines the Insurance Premiums Tax rates, reporting requirements, and refund requirements under *The Insurance Premiums Tax Act, The Fire Safety Act, and The Motor Vehicle Insurance Premiums Tax Act.* It is a general guide and not a substitute for the legislation.

The contents of this bulletin are presented under the following sections:

- A. <u>General</u>
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# A. <u>GENERAL</u>

Insurance companies who conduct business in Saskatchewan are subject to the Insurance Premiums Tax (IPT), the Motor Vehicle Insurance Premiums Tax and the Fire Safety Tax. The total of these three taxes comprises Insurance Premiums Tax, as reported on the return.

## **Insurance Premiums Tax**

The Insurance Premiums Tax Act levies a tax of 3% on the gross premiums of life, accident, sickness, and hail insurance. Individual life, accident and sickness insurance policies in force prior to April 1, 2000, are taxed at a rate of 2% until such time as the individual policy no longer exists. A rate of 4% of gross premiums is taxed on property and all other insurance transacted in Saskatchewan.

Marine and reinsurance is exempt from the Insurance Premiums Tax.

## Motor Vehicle Insurance Premiums Tax

The Motor Vehicle Insurance Premiums Tax Act levies a tax of 1% on gross motor vehicle insurance premiums.



#### The Fire Safety Tax

The Fire Safety Act levies a tax of 1% on gross premiums written relating to fire insurance.

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## B. CALCULATING THE INSURANCE PREMIUMS TAX

For the purpose of calculating Insurance Premiums Tax, 'gross premiums' means gross premiums receivable during the taxation year ending December 31<sup>st</sup>, less:

- Exempt premiums;
- Taxable premiums returned to policy holders; and,
- The value of dividends paid or credited to policyholders.

The 'gross premiums receivable during the taxation year' are generally considered to be the premiums written at the time a particular contract of insurance is formed.

**Note:** Direct premiums written for property insurance that do not include fire insurance should be reported as "other insurance" on the Insurance Premiums Tax return to avoid the Fire Safety Tax.

#### C. FILING YOUR RETURN

Returns are required to be submitted no later than March 15<sup>th</sup> of each calendar year. **Effective February 1, 2025,** returns must be filed online using <u>Saskatchewan eTax Services (SETS)</u> at sets.saskatchewan.ca. SETS is an online service that offers a secure, fast, and convenient way to file your IPT return.

Registering for SETS will allow you to access all provincial tax accounts, see past transactions, view a statement of account, etc. Please review <u>section J</u> for more details regarding SETS. Until February 1, 2025, Insurance Premiums Tax returns can also be filed by mail:

- Complete the Insurance Premiums Tax return form;
- Make cheque payable to the Minister of Finance; and,
- Forward completed form along with payment to:

Ministry of Finance Revenue Division PO Box 200 Regina, SK S4P 2Z6

Or by courier to:

Ministry of Finance 4<sup>th</sup> Floor 2350 Albert Street Regina, SK S4P 2A6



Payments due for returns can be made electronically:

- Online using SETS by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT); or,
- Through your personal or business online banking services; or,
- Through wire transfer.

You may also remit your tax payment non-electronically:

- By mailing your cheque to the address above; or,
- By paying through a bank teller at your financial institution.

#### D. PROVINCIAL SALES TAX REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

Businesses that sell insurance contracts to consumers in Saskatchewan or in respect of properties located in Saskatchewan must become licensed as a vendor under *The Provincial Sales Tax Act* (PST), to collect and remit PST on insurance premiums. PST registration is not required if the insurance company sells in Saskatchewan solely through agents or brokers that are registered and collecting the PST on their behalf.

Further information is available in Information Bulletin <u>PST-73, Vendors of Insurance Contracts</u>.

#### E. BUYING AND SELLING A BUSINESS

When buying or selling a business, please refer to Information Bulletin <u>PST-77, Buying and Selling</u> <u>a Business</u>. This bulletin outlines the Provincial Sales Tax (PST) obligations of the buyer and seller, including the requirement to obtain a Bulk Sale Clearance Certificate for the bulk sale of business assets.

The seller must ensure that they have filed all returns, paid all amounts owing on their provincial tax account(s), and requested closure of their tax account(s) when closing a location or ceasing all operations.

Before finalizing the purchase of a business, the purchaser should obtain a copy of the Clearance Certificate issued by the Revenue Division from the seller. A Clearance Certificate confirms that all taxes collected, payable or for which the seller has become liable to account, have been paid to Finance in full. Failure to obtain a copy of this Certificate could result in the purchaser or seller being held liable for any outstanding taxes unpaid by the seller.

#### F. LICENSING AUTHORIZATION

Insurance companies and insurance businesses in Saskatchewan are regulated pursuant to *The Insurance Act* by the Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan (FCAA). A license from the FCAA is required to carry on business as an insurer in Saskatchewan.



Under certain circumstances, individuals or entities may purchase insurance from an insurer that is not licensed in Saskatchewan. In those circumstances, the purchaser of the insurance must pay a 10% tax to the Superintendent of Insurance pursuant to section 6-2 (1)(c)(ii) of *The Insurance Act*.

Further information is available at <u>fcaa.gov.sk.ca</u>.

## G. ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS

Finance will audit the records of businesses on a routine basis. When it is determined that tax has not been properly accounted for, the business is assessed the amount of tax owing plus penalty and interest charges, as outlined below.

## **Corporate Director's Liability**

In certain circumstances, corporate directors may be held personally liable for taxes collected but not remitted by a corporation.

Directors may be held personally accountable for a corporation's tax liability when collection efforts against the corporation have failed or when a corporation becomes bankrupt or commences other liquidation proceedings. Directors may only be held liable if the corporation fails to collect or remit the tax (as opposed to taxes payable by the corporation). A director may avoid liability by demonstrating that reasonable steps were taken to ensure that the corporation remitted its tax collections.

## Penalty and Interest Provisions

*The Revenue and Financial Services Act* and *The Revenue Collection Administration Regulations* provide for the application of penalty and interest charges to late returns and payments, and audit assessments. These penalties are utilized to promote compliance with our tax Acts and to ensure a fair and competitive environment for all Saskatchewan businesses. Please see Information Bulletin GENERAL-1, *Penalty and Interest Charges* for details.

# H. CORRESPONDING WITH THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE

When corresponding with Finance, please quote your Insurance Premiums Tax account number or Federal Business Number (BN). This helps to ensure that your tax account is updated correctly.

# I. TAXPAYER SERVICE COMMITMENTS AND STANDARDS CODE

The Revenue Division of Finance is committed to continually striving to improve the standard of the services we provide to businesses and taxpayers, and to be accountable for the quality of the services we provide.

<u>The Taxpayer Service Commitments and Standards Code</u> describes the fairness and service principles that we follow while administering Saskatchewan's taxes and related programs.

Saskatchewan

#### J. SASKATCHEWAN eTAX SERVICES (SETS)

Finance has made it possible to report and remit tax electronically through a secure, fast, easy and convenient online self-service portal. Several services are currently available to businesses through SETS (sets.saskatchewan.ca):

- Register for secure, self-managed access to all your tax accounts.
- Apply for a new tax account.
- File and pay returns and amend previously filed returns.
- Make payments on account, including post-dated payments.
- View account balance and statement information.
- Authorize employees or accountants to file on your behalf.
- Receive notifications by email when a tax return should be filed. This replaces the paper forms usually sent in the mail.
- Submit a service request to update the mailing address or add a new business location.
- Submit a service request to receive tax information, interpretations or rulings related to your specific business activities.
- View and download up-to-date tax information promptly.
- Subscribe to receive email notifications when new and revised tax publications are available.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

Write:	Ministry of Finance	<u>Telephone:</u>	Toll Free 1-800-667-6102
	Revenue Division		Regina 306-787-6645
	PO Box 200		
	REGINA, SK S4P 2Z6	<u>Email:</u>	<u>sasktaxinfo@gov.sk.ca</u>

Internet: Tax bulletins, forms and information are available at <u>saskatchewan.ca/business-taxes</u>.

To receive automatic email notifications when this or any other bulletin is revised, go to <u>sets.saskatchewan.ca/subscribe</u>.

To provide feedback or suggest changes to this bulletin, please complete a Bulletin Survey.

Government website: <u>Saskatchewan.ca</u>.

