Information Bulletin

PST-46 Issued: December 1995 Revised: February 2025

THE PROVINCIAL SALES TAX ACT

SERVICE ENTERPRISES

This bulletin has been prepared to help you apply and collect the Provincial Sales Tax (PST). It is a general guide and not a substitute for the legislation.

Changes to this bulletin are indicated by a (1) in the left margin.

The contents of this bulletin are presented under the following sections:

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A. GENERAL INFORMATION

For the purposes of this bulletin, service enterprises are businesses that are providing non-taxable services as outlined in <u>Section C</u>. For rental businesses and businesses providing equipment with an operator or service component, please see Information Bulletin <u>PST-72</u>, <u>Rental Businesses</u> or for oilfield services, please see Information Bulletin <u>PST-13</u>, <u>Petroleum Drilling and Well Servicing Contractors</u>.

B. REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

Service enterprises are required to be registered with a PST number. A registered consumer number is issued to businesses that do not provide taxable services or make retail sales but purchase taxable goods and services for business use. This number cannot be used to purchase goods or services without paying the PST.



C. NON-TAXABLE SERVICES

Certain services are subject to PST. *The Provincial Sales Tax Act* and *The Provincial Sales Tax Regulations* list and define the services that are subject to tax. The list of taxable services is provided in <u>Section I</u> of this bulletin. Services that are not within this list of taxable services are non-taxable.

Examples of businesses providing non-taxable services include the following:

- Banks
- Car washes
- Daycare centers
- Disposal services
- DJ services
- Electric vehicle charging stations
- Fitness/wellness centers
- Healthcare services

- Limousine and taxi services
- Spas/beauty salons
- Tanning salons
- Tattooing services
- Taxidermists
- Towing and boosting services
- Travel agencies

D. GOODS AND SERVICES FOR OWN USE

Businesses are required to pay tax on purchases of new and used equipment, supplies and taxable services purchased for use in their business operations. Tax is payable as follows:

- When purchased from a licensed supplier, the tax must be paid to the supplier at the time of purchase.
- When purchased from a supplier who did not collect the tax, or when taken from an exempt resale inventory, the tax must be self-assessed and remitted with the regular tax return. This includes goods taken for personal or business use.
- When purchased from an unlicensed supplier located outside Saskatchewan, the tax must be self-assessed and remitted with the regular tax return on the laid down cost, which includes currency exchange, transportation charges, customs and excise duties, and importation charges; but not the GST.

E. INCIDENTAL RETAIL SALES

Service enterprises that make incidental retail sales of goods from their tax-paid inventory must collect the tax from the customer. The tax that was paid to the supplier on the items that are sold may be deducted from the tax collected from the customer, and the difference reported on the return form.

F. **CONSULTING SERVICES**

General consulting and advisory services are not subject to tax provided they are not included in the sale of taxable goods and services.



The following are examples of non-taxable consulting services:

- Management consulting
- Development of marketing strategies or business plans
- Special events co-ordination
- Communication plans

The following are examples of taxable consulting services:

- Computer consulting related to the delivery of taxable computer services, for further information please see Information Bulletin, <u>PST-7</u>, <u>Computer Hardware</u>, <u>Software</u> and <u>Computer Services</u>.
- Legal consulting services, for further Information please see Information Bulletin, PST-64, Lawyers.
- Consulting services included in the sale of taxable goods or services. Taxable services are outlined in Section I.

G. TRAINING COURSES, PROGRAMS, WORKSHOPS AND SEMINARS

Effective October 1, 2022, PST applies to admissions to certain courses, programs, workshops, or seminars:

- That are not required for accreditation or designation but simply broaden one's knowledge in a field; or,
- That may be occupationally related and required to maintain or upgrade a professional
 or trade accreditation or designation, but are not provided by a professional or trade
 association, government, vocational school, university, or public college, or by the
 regulatory body, as part of a broader educational or vocational program which may
 lead to a formal recognition of skills, such as a diploma, degree, or licence.

Where a business obtains a tax status ruling from the GST/HST Rulings Unit on the admission to a particular course, program, workshop, or seminar, that ruling will also apply for PST. Please see Information Bulletin PST-76, *Admissions*, *Entertainment and Recreation*.

H. TRANSPORTATION SERVICES

Businesses such as common carriers or couriers hauling goods on behalf of others are not required to collect PST on their services. The purchaser or consumer of these services is required to self-assess the tax where applicable. The transportation company is required to pay tax on all equipment and supplies used in providing their services as outlined in Section D of this bulletin. Note that vehicles registered inter-jurisdictionally are subject to the Prorated Vehicle Tax. For further information please see Information Bulletin, PST-50, Inter-Jurisdictional Carriers.

Freight or delivery charges that are invoiced to a customer for the shipment of a taxable commodity are subject to PST if the supply point originates outside Saskatchewan. If the supply point originates in Saskatchewan, the freight or delivery charges are not taxable providing the charges are invoiced separately or segregated from the taxable goods on the invoice.



I. TAXABLE SERVICES

Individuals or businesses engaged in the following activities are providing taxable services and must be licensed as vendors to collect tax on these services. Please refer to the bulletins available at saskatchewan.ca/business-taxes for information regarding the application of PST to these services:

- Accounting and bookkeeping services (<u>PST-62</u>)
- Advertising services (<u>PST-67</u>)
- Architectural services (<u>PST-65</u>)
- Commercial building cleaning services (PST-61)
- Computer programs and services (<u>PST-7</u>)
- Credit reporting or collection services (<u>PST-55</u>)
- Dry cleaning or laundry services (<u>PST-53</u>)
- Employment placement services (PST-66)
- Engineering services (<u>PST-65</u>)
- Extended warranty and maintenance contracts for new and used goods (PST-6)
- Legal services (PST-64)
- Lodging in hotels, motels, hostels, apartment houses, lodging houses, cabins, cottages, vacation farms, outfitter camps, and other similar accommodation for a period of less than 30 consecutive days (<u>PST-31</u> & <u>PST-47</u>)
- Real estate services (<u>PST-24</u>)
- Repair and installation services related to tangible personal property (<u>PST-57</u>)
- Security and investigation services (<u>PST-54</u>)
- Telecommunication services, such as telephone services, cable/satellite services, television services, alarm system services, pager services, facsimile services, electronic messaging services and Internet services (PST-8)
- Telephone answering services (PST-8)
- Veterinary services (<u>PST-26</u>)
- Services to real property (<u>PST-12</u>)

J. SALES OF USED BUSINESS ASSETS

Businesses are required to collect tax on the sale of used assets, such as vehicles and equipment. When used assets are being sold as part of the closure of a business, the purchaser is required to self-assess and report the tax.

When individuals purchase used goods for personal use, other than vehicles, tax applies to the selling price of the goods less a deduction of \$300 per item. If a trade-in is involved, the purchaser is entitled to a deduction of \$300 or the value of the trade-in, whichever is greater. If the goods are for commercial use, the \$300 deduction does not apply.

For further reference please see Information Bulletin PST-58, Used Goods.



K. TAX TIPS LINE

When a business or individual does not comply with provincial tax legislation, businesses face unfair competition and a burden is placed on all taxpayers who do comply. It causes significant loss in the revenue available to fund services such as health, education, and other important government programs.

The Tax Tips Line provides an anonymous, fully confidential way for the public to report businesses or individuals who are participating in tax fraud. If you suspect that a business or individual is being dishonest with their provincial taxes or is misrepresenting their activities to reduce their taxes, you can report them using the Tax Tips Line.

Please visit our website at <u>saskatchewan.ca/business/taxes-licensing-and-reporting/provincial-taxes-policies-and-bulletins/tax-tips-line</u> to find out more regarding types of tax fraud and the information to report, if possible.

The Tax Tips Line is specifically and solely for information related to provincial tax compliance. Any unrelated inquiries or information will not be addressed by the Tax Tips Line and should be directed to the appropriate organization.

How to Report:

- 1) Toll-free 1-833-334-8477
- 2) Write: Ministry of Finance Revenue Division PO Box 200 REGINA SK S4P 2Z6
- 3) Online Form Submission

L. SASKATCHEWAN eTAX SERVICES (SETS)

Finance has made it possible to report and remit tax electronically through a secure, fast, easy, and convenient online self-service portal. Several services are currently available to businesses through SETS (sets.saskatchewan.ca):

- Register for secure, self-managed access to all your tax accounts.
- Apply for a new tax account.
- File and pay returns and amend previously filed returns.
- Make payments on account, including post-dated payments.
- View account balance and statement information.
- Authorize employees or accountants to file on your behalf.
- Receive notifications by email when a tax return should be filed. This replaces the paper forms usually sent in the mail.
- Submit a service request to update the mailing address or add a new business location.
- Submit a service request to receive tax information, interpretations or rulings related to your specific business activities.
- View and download up-to-date tax information promptly.
- Subscribe to receive email notifications when new and revised tax publications are available.



FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

Write: Ministry of Finance Telephone: Toll Free 1-800-667-6102

Revenue Division Regina 306-787-6645

PO Box 200

REGINA SK S4P 2Z6 <u>Email:</u> <u>sasktaxinfo@gov.sk.ca</u>

Internet: Tax bulletins, forms and information are available at saskatchewan.ca/business-taxes.

To receive automatic email notifications when this or any other bulletin is revised, go to sets.saskatchewan.ca/subscribe.

To provide feedback or suggest changes to this bulletin, please complete a **Bulletin Survey**.

Government website: Saskatchewan.ca

